

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

ADV. NAHW DAY 27

SURAH TAGHABUN

مبتدأ

خبر

MBK

بِأَنَّ = HOJ + أَنْ

فعل

فاعل

مفعول

MBF

بِأَنَّ : because أَنْ + فعل = مفعول

غير الشان أَنْ + جلت إسميت Giant concept

تَوَلَّى يَتَوَلَّى تَوَلَّى

فَكَفَرُوا وَتَوَلَّوْا

turned away

فاء سبب
'Therefore'

السم جمع

human, humans

Jumla Ismiya FMJ
كَانَتْ تَأْتِيهِمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
Majroor Mutaliq bil khabar JI



حَمِيدٌ

غَنِيٌّ

وَاللَّهُ

وَاللَّهُ

وَأَسْتَغْنِي

Ism Sifah → تَحِيدٌ : praised

غَنِيٌّ : free of need

"Allah (swt) declared His Lack of need"

Placeholder pronoun (Dhameer-us-shan)

"The fact of the matter is"

كَانَ + مفعول = Used to / kept on....

كَانَ يَأْتِي = He used to come / He was coming
He kept on coming

Singular Fem. Plural is used for Messengers to indicate many.

فَعِيلٌ ← بَيِّنٌ ← بَيِّنٌ

Ism Sifah

بَيِّنٌ بَيِّنًا بَيِّنٌ

To separate

ب ي ن

بَيِّنَةٌ → A proof that is truly clear / evident.

بَيِّنَاتٌ → Multiple proofs

أَنْزَلَ يُزِيلُ → دَسَلَ دُسِلَ

ISM SIFAH

* can contain opposite meanings

* Sometimes, it is close to Ism Faail & sometimes it is closer to Ism Mafool.

حَامِدٌ the Praising One

and مُحَمَّدٌ the praising one, the praised one (مُحَمَّدٌ)

مَقْتُولٌ close to قَتِيلٌ

مُحَمَّدٌ close to مُحَيَّدٌ

حُمِدَ يُحْمَدُ حَمْدًا مَحْمُودٌ [Passive: Doer unknown]

حَمِيدٌ isn't Ism Mafool so there is no unknown doer

Allah (swt)'s praise is independent of any Hamid.

مَقْتُولٌ the one killed (the unknown killer = قَاتِلٌ)

مَسْمُوعٌ the one heard (the unknown hearer = سَامِعٌ)

مُحَمَّدٌ the praised (the unknown praiser = حَامِدٌ)

Ism Faail is made mystery in above cases whereas in Ism Sifah you don't have to look for unknown Ism Faail bcoz sarf doesn't require

غَيٌّ ← غَيٌّ ← غَيْنٌ ← غَيْنٌ ← غَيْنٌ

شَقَا ← لِيَشْقُوْا شَقَاوَةً شَاقٍ ← شَقِيٌّ ← شَقِيٌّ ← شَقِيٌّ