

[DAY: 60] فَوَائِدُ الصُّوفِ :

Benefits & Purpose of the families & structures:-

We know 14 families in total by now:-

i) 8 Big families

ثَلَاثِي مُزِيْرٌ فَيِدُ
extra letter 3 letters
added

eg أَتَلَمَ → ء is extra

eg عَلِمَ → shadda with ل is extra

ii) 6 small families

ثَلَاثِي مُجَرَّدُ
restricted to 3 letters

Beyond the families there is something called structure.

Big Families structure are:-

- 1) Past Tense
- 2) Past Passive
- 3) Present Tense
- 4) Present Passive
- 5) Masdar (Infinitive)
- 6) Ism Faa'il
- 7) Ism May'ool
- 8) Commanding
- 9) Forbidding
- 10) Ism of time & place (Dhreef)

- So basically there are 10 structures in each big family
- All together 80 structures
- Each structure has a Say Kabeer consisting of 14 words.

Small families structure are:-

- Apart from 10 structures of Big families there are more in small families.
- Also there are few difference in those 10 structures like:-

1) **Past Tense** - limited in guessing the family based on just Past Tense.

eg: كُنْتُ كُنْتَ ← كُنَّا

(could belong to any of these)

2) **Past Passive**.

3) **Present Tense** - limited in guessing the family based on just Present Tense.

eg: يَكُونُ يَكُونِي ← يَكُونُونَ

(could belong to any of these family so there is limitation on the guessing part)

4) **Present Passive**

5) **Masdar** - cannot be predicted. You have to look up each one. One masdar word can have multiple Masdars. There may be 6 masdar at times.

6) **Isim Faa'il**

7) **Isim May'ool**

8) **Commanding**

9) **Forbidding**

10) Dhaaf:- we get 3 dhaafs:-
 مَفْعَلٌ مَفْعِلٌ مَفْعَلَةٌ

- Not necessary all 3 are used in reality. It depends on what Arabs used or didn't use. So it can be 2 or 1 at times.
- In theory there are 3.
- But application wise we need to go to Arabic History, poems etc.

11) Isim Tajdeel - أَخْبَرُ أَتَمَرُ

12) Isim Sifah - شَفِيقٌ غَرِيبٌ شَهِيدٌ كَرِيمٌ

Note:- Anything that sounds كَرِيمٌ doesn't go to كَرِيمٌ family.

Every كَرِيمٌ member in the family has a كَرِيمٌ
 But not every

eg كَرِيمٌ → كَرِيمٌ family

Isim Tajdeel - أَخْبَرُ

Isim Sifah. - كَرِيمٌ

13) Isim Aalah (آلة) tool / device:- starts with 'a'

مَفْعَلٌ مَفْعَلَةٌ مَفْعَالٌ

(doesn't mean each of them will be used)

eg صَبَّحَ → صَبْحٌ (morning)

device for light. ← مَصْبَاحٌ (lamp)

14)

Isim Jangheer

- Ism used to make something small. It is a small version of an Ism Ja'ifil generally or other Isms.

eg: نَاصِرٌ - helper

نَصِيرٌ - little helper

مُحَمِّدٌ - praiser

مُحَمِّدٌ - little praise

عَامِرٌ -

عَمِيرٌ - (oo aa sound) [little عَامِرٌ]

لَاعِبٌ - player.

لَحِيْبٌ - little player.

15)

Isim Mubalagha

- (hyper/super ism) became hyperbolized. Every word that sound like the words below is Isim Mubalagha.

(does over & over again)

eg:

فَحْوُلٌ فَحْوِلٌ فَحَالٌ

سَرِيْقٌ

سَبُوْرٌ

رَزَاقٌ

(extremely truthful)

(extreme patience)

(extreme provider)

عَفُوْرٌ

(extremely forgiving)

Keeps providing & providing & providing.

Words becomes some pattern of letters.
(pretty fixed) فُتْلَان
↓
رُفْلَان

- Each word structure will have its own purpose. Even though they belong to Ism Mubalagha each of the structure teaches different things. No two structures are same.

eg فُتْلَان teaches something else as compared to رُفْلَان or رُفْلَان

- we will learn more abt Ism Mubalagha as we go through Qur'an & not theory.
- Ism Mubalagha is an extreme version of Ism Faa'il.
- Mujarrad family has a lot more to offer in Arabic language

Later study:-

- i) What is Mujarrad used for.
- ii) Mujarrad is Majeed Jeeh Comparative.
- iii) Overall view of Saef.

INTRODUCTION TO FAWAID-AS-SARF

Benefits / purpose of families & structures

Structures: Past Tense, Past Passive Tense, Present tense, Present Passive Tense, Masdar (infinitive), Ism Faail, Ism Mafool, command forbidding, Dharf (ism of time & place)

ثلاثي مزيد فيه Eight Big Families: 8×10 structures $\rightarrow 80$

ثلاثي مجرد (Restricted to three) Six small families $\rightarrow 6 \times 10 \rightarrow 60$

Difference between Mazedun Feehi and Thulasi Mujarrad:

- In Thulasi Mujarrad, masdar can't be predicted.
- Past / Present Tense: Limited in guessing the family based on just one of the structure
- Multiple masdars are possible. فَيَسِرُ فُسْرًا، فُسَارًا، فُسْرَانًا
- Dharf patterns: مَفْعَلٌ مَفْعِلٌ مَفْعَلَةٌ. Not all of these are used all the time. It depends upon use by Arabs. مَشَجَدٌ مَشَجِدٌ مَشَجَدَةٌ
- Ism Tafdeel: أَكْبَرُ، أَجْدُ
- Ism Sifah: شَحِيحٌ، كَرِيمٌ، شَفِيقٌ، غَرِيبٌ
- * Not every word rhyming with these are from Karuma Family *
- Ism Aalah مَفْعَلٌ مَفْعَلَةٌ مَفْعَالٌ (tool / device) مِقْبَلَاخٌ (a lamp: device used to create light)
مِفْتَاحٌ (key) ; مِفْطَرَاةٌ (bat)
- Ism Tasgheer (smallifier): عَامِرٌ ← مُعَيَّرٌ حَامِدٌ ← مُحَمِّدٌ نَاصِرٌ ← نُفَيْرٌ
little helper little praiser

• **Ism Mubalgha** (hyper / super ism) فَعَالٌ فَعُولٌ فَعِيلٌ

جَبَّارٌ ، قَهَّارٌ ، وَهَّابٌ → فَعَالٌ

شَكُورٌ ، غَفُورٌ → فَعُولٌ

رَحْمَنٌ → فَعِلَانٌ

* It doesn't necessarily start with فاء root letter *

Use of فَعَالٌ: "Someone who does something so often that they become characterized by it" "perfectionist"

Butcher: قَتَّامٌ Baker: فَطَّامٌ ، سَّارٌ ، فَعَالٌ ، جَبَّارٌ

Purpose of Ism Mubalgha: Generally, it is the extreme version of an Ism Faail.

* Masdars have their own patterns & versions. *