DARE

TO

DREAM

DREAM INTENSIVE

NAHW 1

Courtesy : Bayyinah.tv
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Note: All the notes are based on class summeries and official resource. It is requested to always check IT with the given notes officially. Add/correct in case of errors or typos.

CHAPTER 1

Words in Arabic

ISM

DREAM INTENSIVE

NAHW 1

THREE TYPES OF WORDS IN ARABIC

I am ISM

I could be person, place, thing, idea adjective, adverb and more.

EXAMPLE:
table, house, Pakistan, peace, tall, quickly etc

I am FI'L

I could be a word stuck in time or that has a tense (past, present or future).
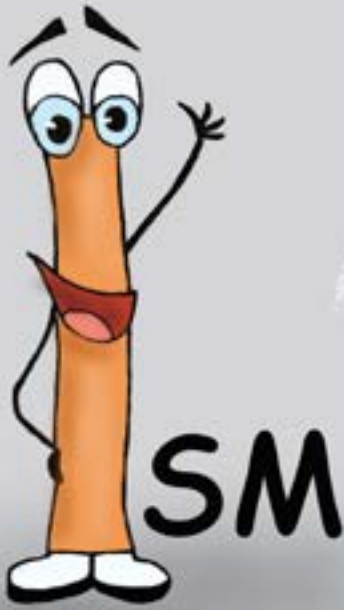
EXAMPLE:
slept, smiles, worked etc

I am HARF

I could be a word that makes no sense unless another word comes after me.

EXAMPLE:
on, at, a, in etc

PROPERTIES OF ISM

ISM

I have 4 Properties:

1. Status
2. Number
3. Gender
4. Type

Lets discuss the STATUS first.

STATUS

Status is all about what a word is doing in the sentence. There are three kinds of Statuses:

رفع

Raf'

01   R

(SUBJECT)
Doer of the act

نصب

Nasb

02   N

(OBJECT)
Detail of the act:

جر

Jarr

03   J

(POSSESSIVE)
Word after 'of'

REMEMBER:

YOU can recognise my status with Ending sounds or Ending combinations.

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How to tell about Ism status

R, N, J

look for them first

By ending combinations

By ending sounds

pair combo

aani
2R

ayni
2NJ

People plural combo

oona
3R

eena
3NJ

feminine plural combo

aatun
3R

aatin
3NJ

u-un
R

a-an
N

i-in
J

3
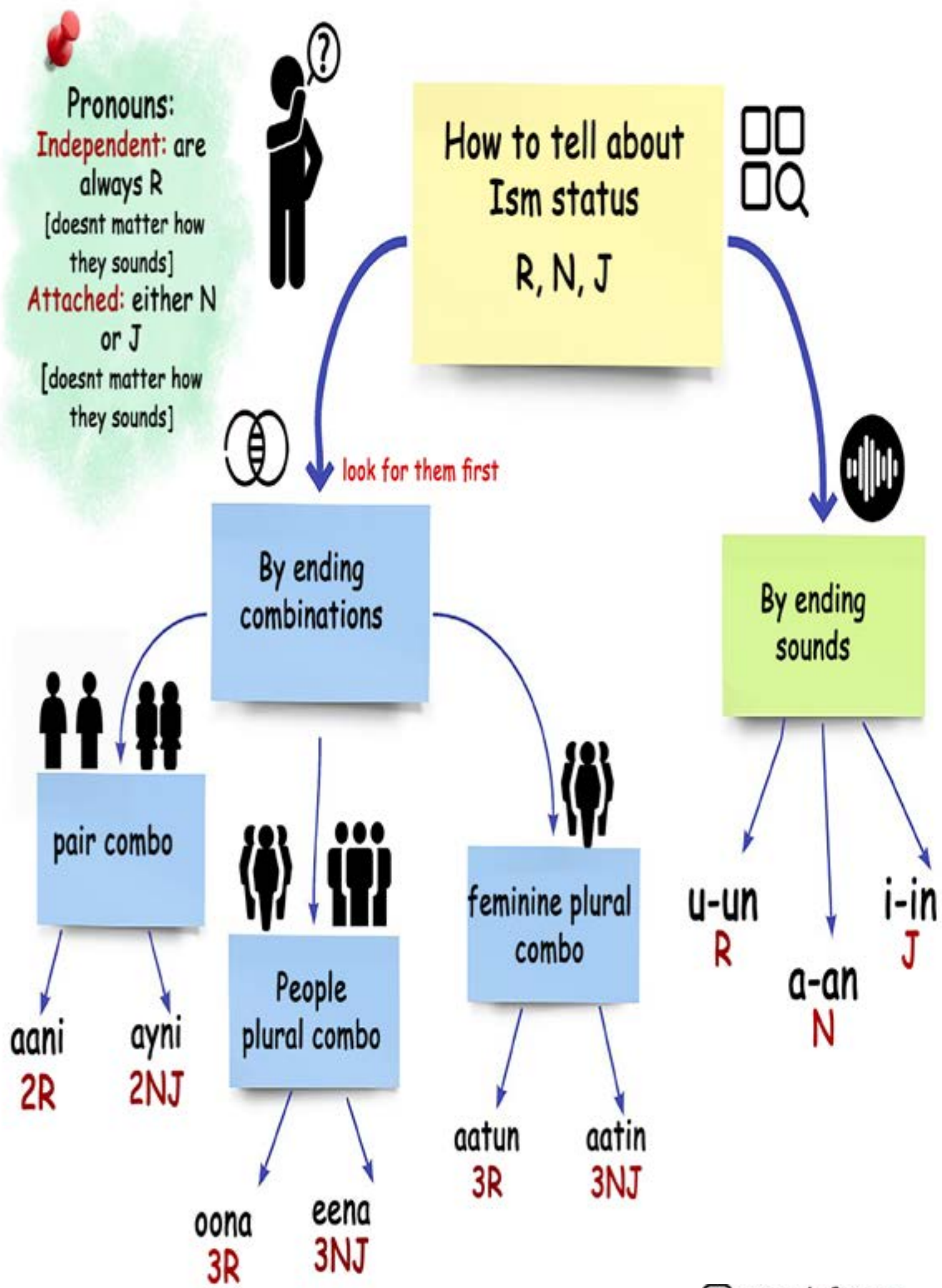
LIGHT vs HEAVY STATUS

HEAVY

I'm NORMAL

1 Normally, a word should have **HEAVY** status

2 Ends with a N sound. *even if they dont end with ن*

3 All the words in chart 6 are heavy.

ISM

REMEMBER:

Any words in Arabic that have endings similar to the words on page 6. Each of them can be lightened by removing the extra ن sound.

LIGHT

I'm WEIRDO

1 Light isms are suspicious. We must have a reason for them to be light

2 To make a word light, the extra 'N' from ending sound or ending combo is taken off

3 There are four major reasons for an ism to be light
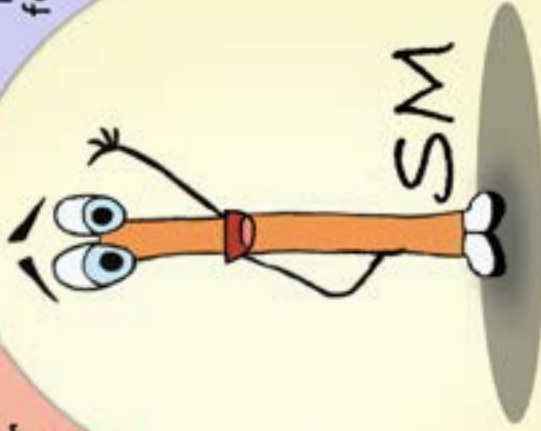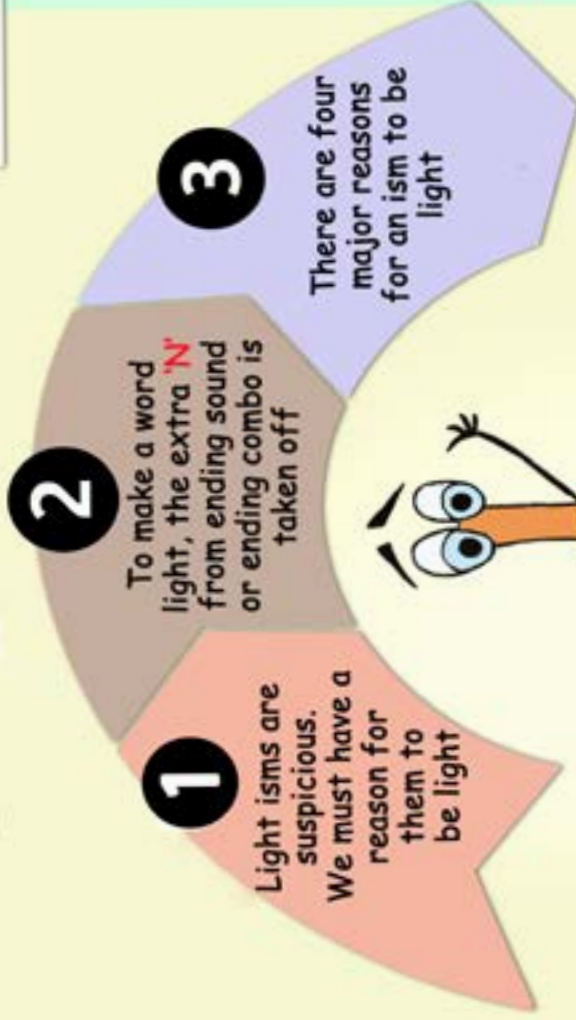
ISM

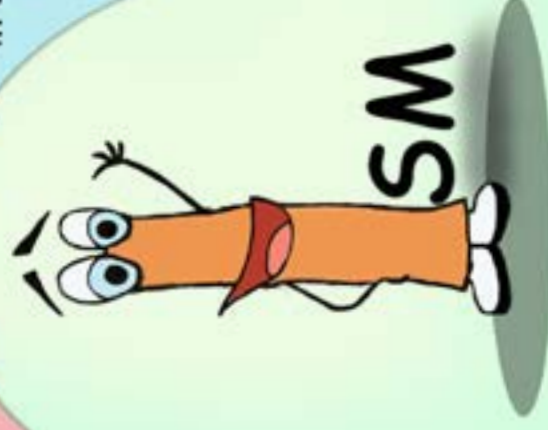**REMEMBER:**

For the feminine plural, We didn't take the ت off. We are only concerned about removing the extra 'N' sound, not ت

Flexibility
3 types
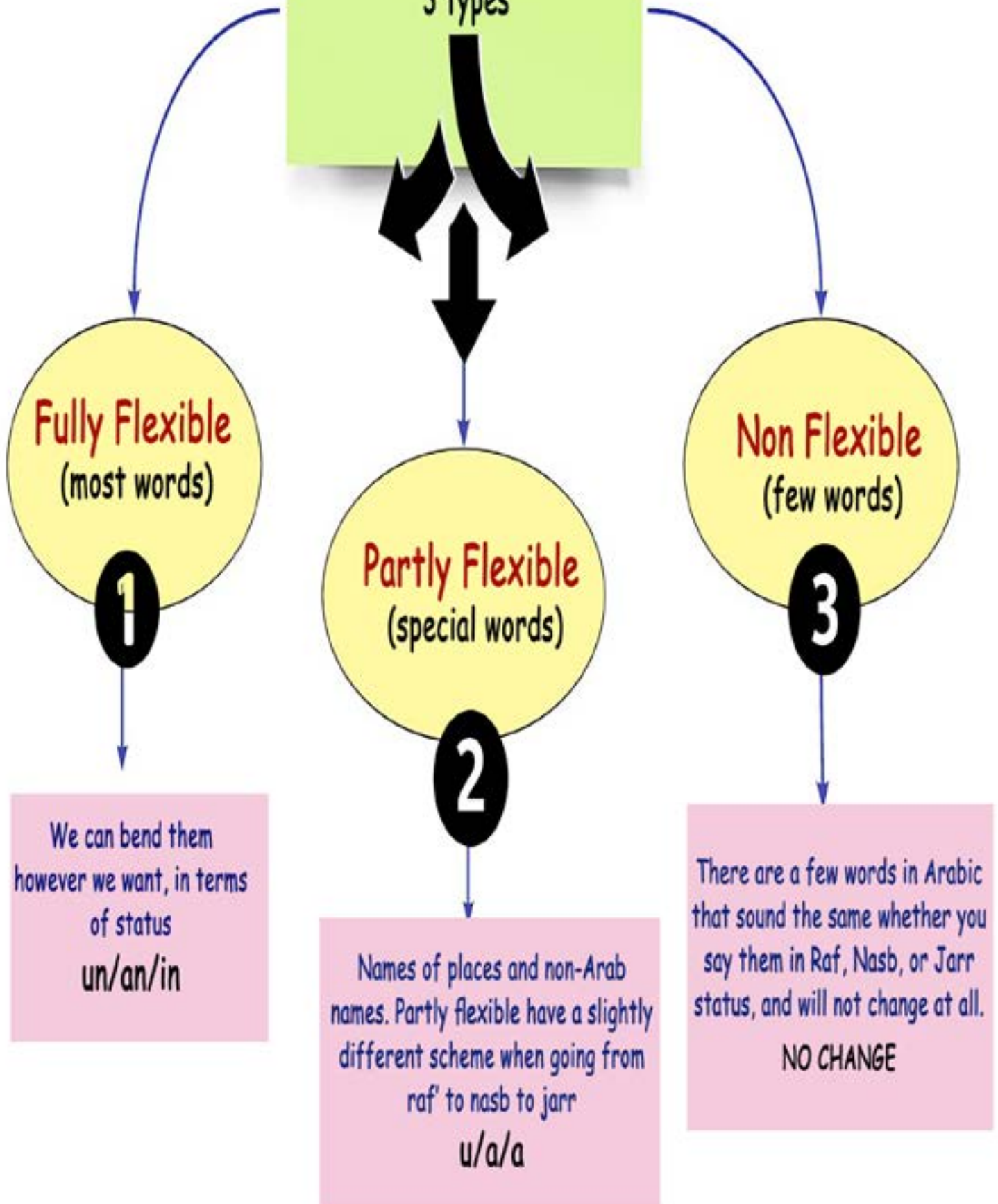
Fully Flexible
(most words)

1

We can bend them however we want, in terms of status

un/an/in

Partly Flexible
(special words)

2

Names of places and non-Arab names. Partly flexible have a slightly different scheme when going from raf' to nasb to jarr

u/a/a

Non Flexible
(few words)

3

There are a few words in Arabic that sound the same whether you say them in Raf, Nasb, or Jarr status, and will not change at all.

NO CHANGE
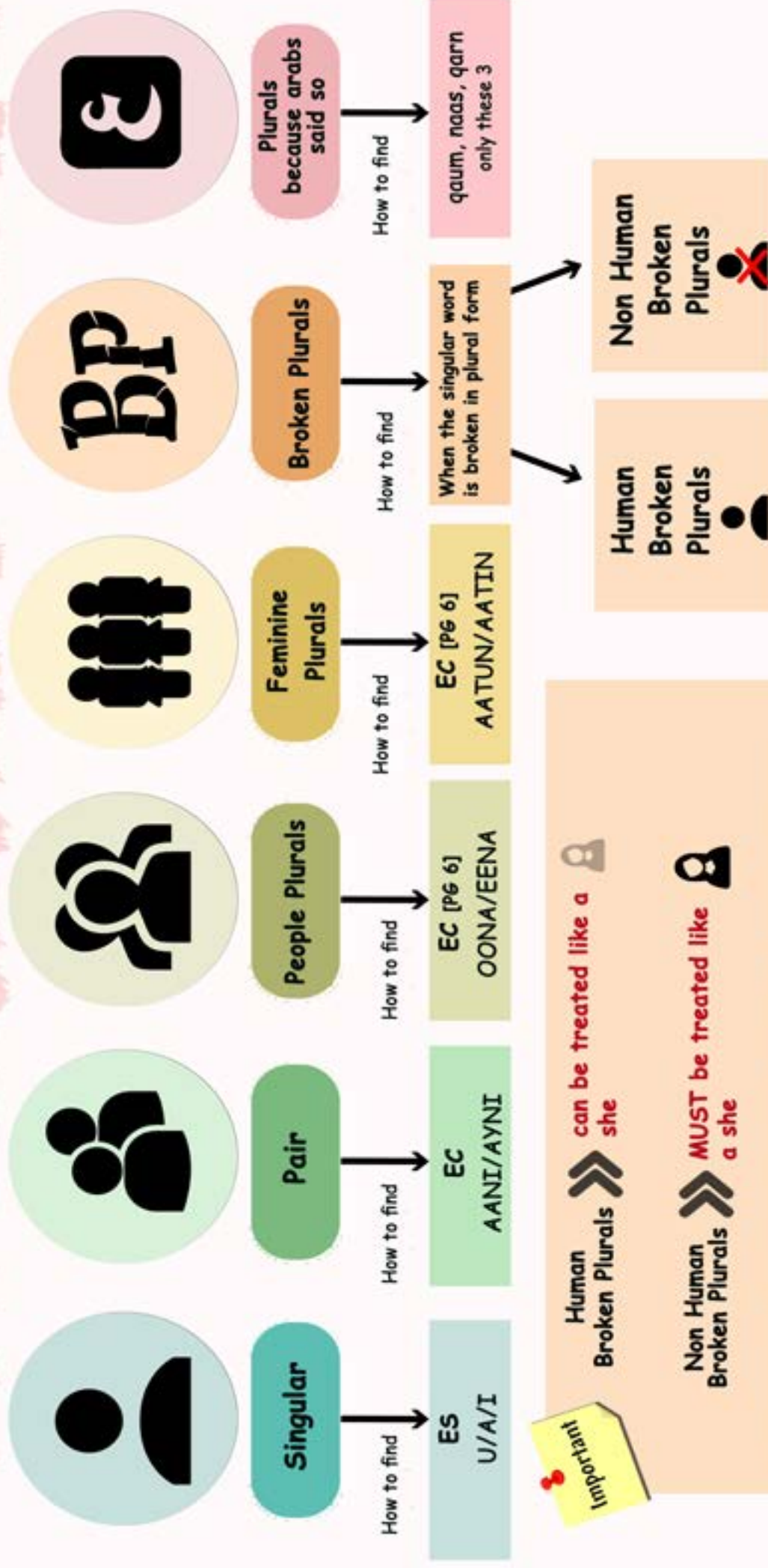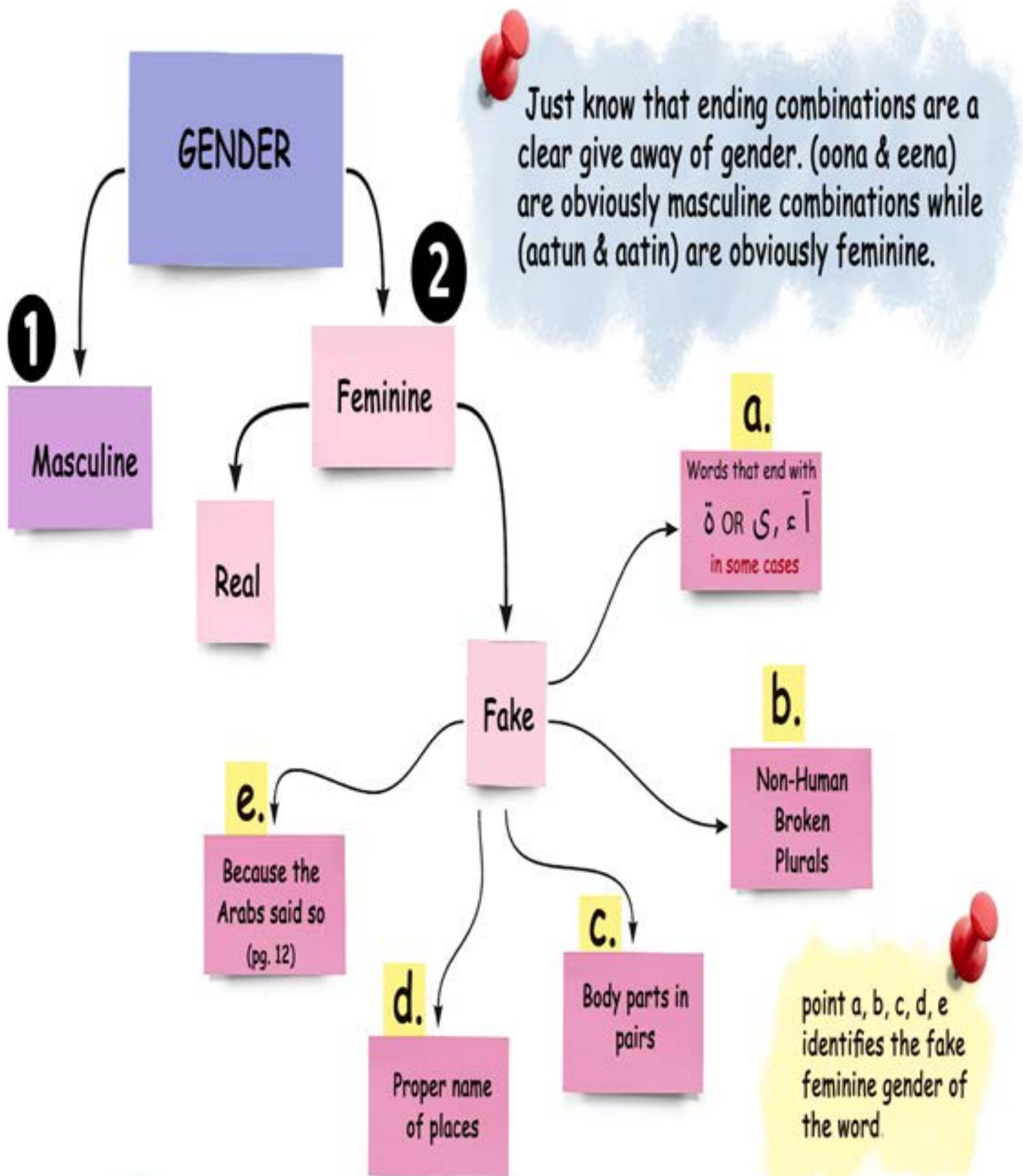
NUMBERS

Just as Isms in Arabic have status, they also have number which tells you if the word is singular, pair or plural.

Singular	Pair	People Plurals	Feminine Plurals	BP Broken Plurals	3 Plurals because arabs said so
How to find	How to find	How to find	How to find	How to find	How to find
ES U/A/I	**EC** AANI/AYNI	**EC [PG 6]** OONA/EENA	**EC [PG 6]** AATUN/AATIN	When the singular word is broken in plural form	qaum, naas, qarn only these 3

Broken Plurals → Human Broken Plurals / Non Human Broken Plurals ✗

Important

Human Broken Plurals **>>** can be treated like a **she**

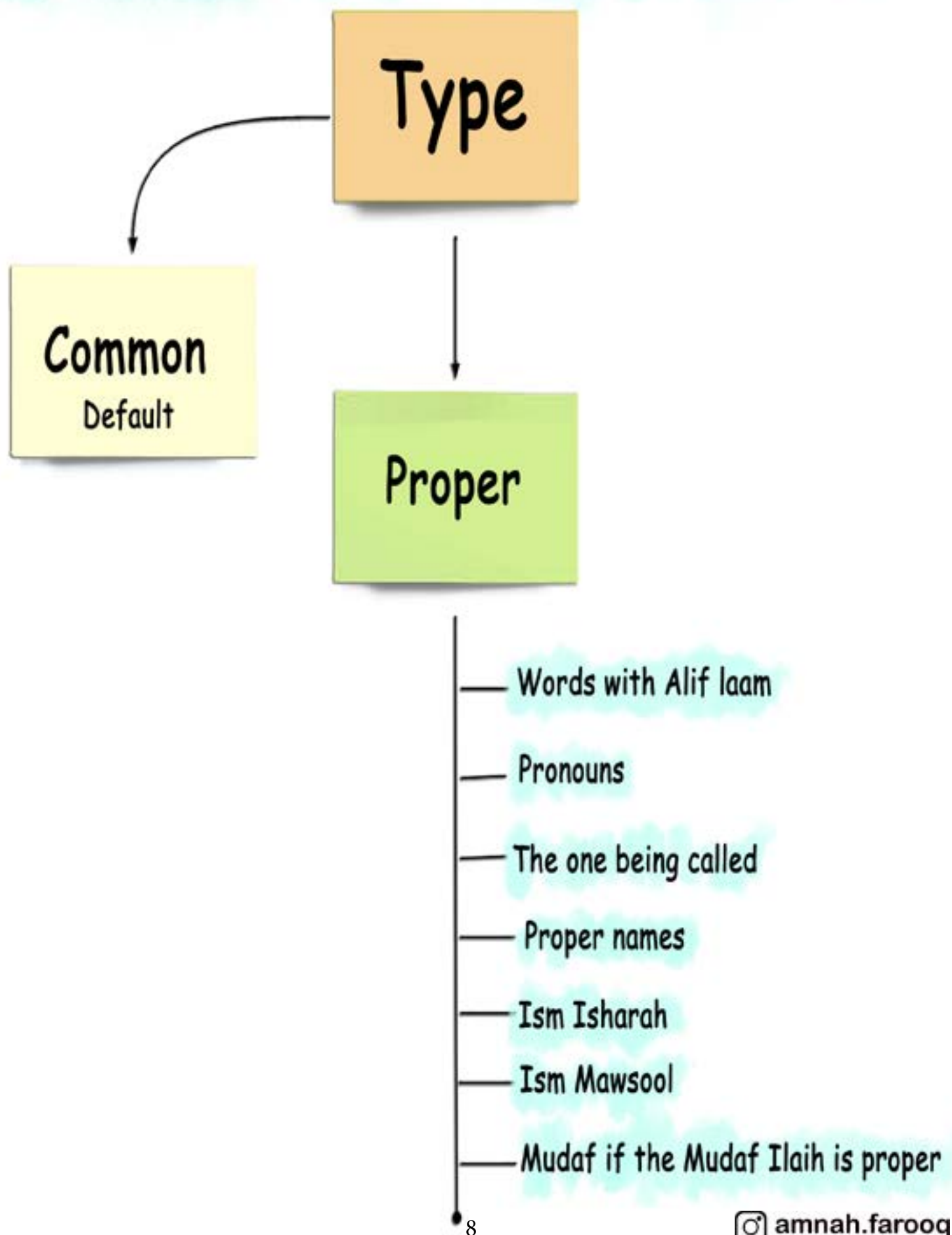Non Human Broken Plurals **>>** MUST be treated like a **she**

BPs don't have plural endings like those in the Muslim chart. Broken plurals have ending sounds. They can only be identified through vocabulary, otherwise they look singular.
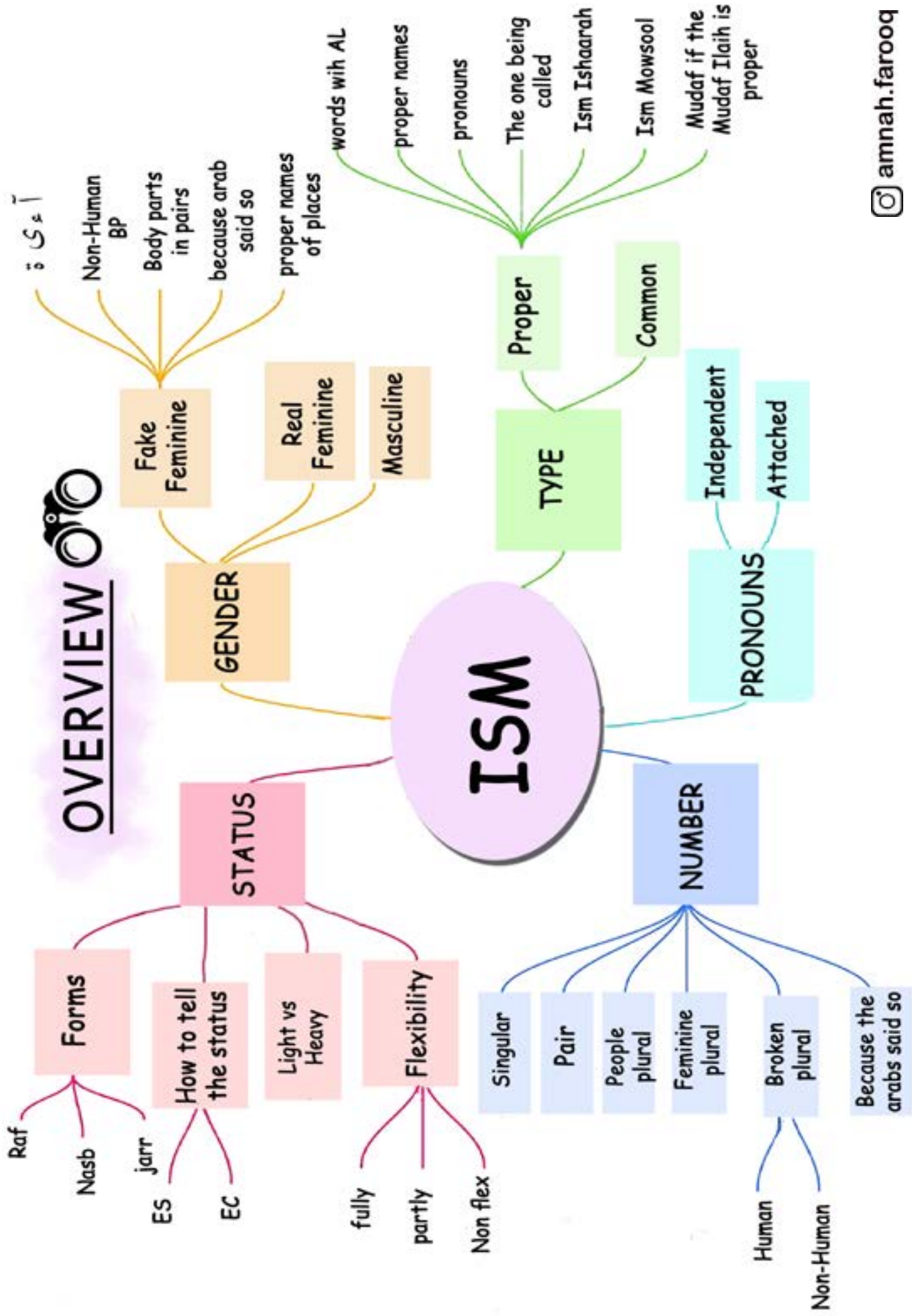
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GENDER

① Masculine

② Feminine

Just know that ending combinations are a clear give away of gender. (oona & eena) are obviously masculine combinations while (aatun & aatin) are obviously feminine.

Real

Fake

a.
Words that end with
ō OR ي, ء ٱ
in some cases

b.
Non-Human Broken Plurals

c.
Body parts in pairs

d.
Proper name of places

e.
Because the Arabs said so (pg. 12)

point a, b, c, d, e identifies the fake feminine gender of the word.

The essential idea is that every ism must be given a gender. If that gender, masculine or feminine, isn't real then it must be fake

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A proper ism is one that is specific while a common one is general or generic. There are seven kinds of proper isms

Type

Common
Default

Proper

— Words with Alif laam

— Pronouns

— The one being called

— Proper names

— Ism Isharah

— Ism Mawsool

— Mudaf if the Mudaf Ilaih is proper

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PRONOUNS

Third person pronouns

Independent

they [M] هُم	both of them [M] هُمَا	he هُوَ
RAF	RAF	RAF

attached

N/J هُم or هِم 📎	N/J هُمَا or هِمَا 📎	N/J ـهُ or ـهِ 📎

Independent

they [F] هُنَّ	both of them [F] هُمَا	she هِيَ
RAF	RAF	RAF

attached

N/J هُنَّ or هِنَّ 📎	N/J هُمَا or هِمَا 📎	N/J هَا 📎

Second person pronouns

Independent

you [M.P] أنْتُم	both of you [M] أنْتُما	you [M.S] أنْتَ
RAF	RAF	RAF

attached

N/J كُمْ 📎	N/J كُمَا 📎	N/J كَ 📎

Independent

you [F.P] أنْتُنَّ	both of you [F] أنْتُما	you [F] أنْتِ
RAF	RAF	RAF

attached

N/J كُنَّ 📎	N/J كُمَا 📎	N/J كِ 📎

First person pronouns

Independent

We [M or F] نَحْنُ	I [M or F] أنَا
RAF	RAF

attached

N/J نَا 📎	ـِي /Jarr or ـِي /Nasb 📎

OVERVIEW 👀

ISM

GENDER
- **Fake Feminine**
  - ة ى ء آ
  - Non-Human BP
  - Body parts in pairs
  - because arab said so
  - proper names of places
- **Real Feminine**
- **Masculine**

TYPE
- **Proper**
  - words wih AL
  - proper names
  - pronouns
  - The one being called
  - Ism Ishaarah
  - Ism Mowsool
  - Mudaf if the Mudaf Ilaih is proper
- **Common**

PRONOUNS
- Independent
- Attached

STATUS
- **Forms**
  - Raf
  - Nasb
  - jarr
  - Es
  - Ec
- **How to tell the status**
- **Light vs Heavy**
- **Flexibility**
  - fully
  - partly
  - Non flex

NUMBER
- Singular
- Pair
- People plural
- Feminine plural
- Broken plural
  - Human
  - Non-Human
- Because the arabs said so

Additional Notes

CHAPTER 2

Fragments

DREAM INTENSIVE

NAHW 1

FRAGMENTS

❶ Idafah

Idaafah is defined loosely as any phrase with an 'of' in between. It has 2 members.

Mudaf

Mudaf Ilaih

word before "of"   word after "of"

Basic Kinds of Idhafah

1. "of" translation
   eg: Imam of the masjid

2. Pronoun attached to an ism.
   eg: His house

3. Special Mudhafs.
   eg: Under the earth
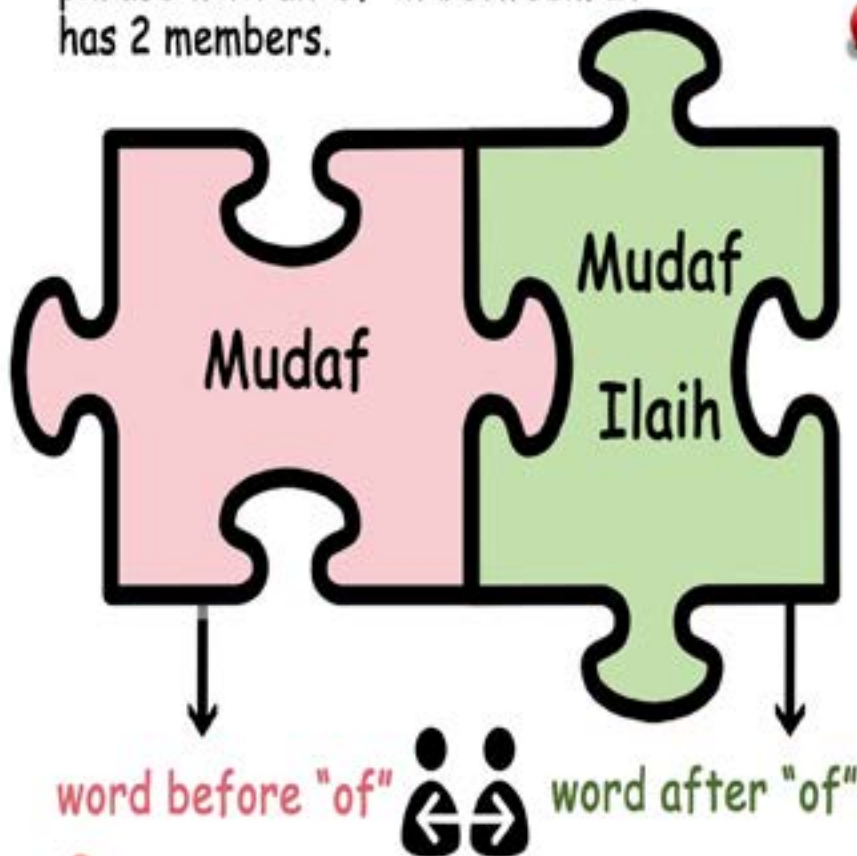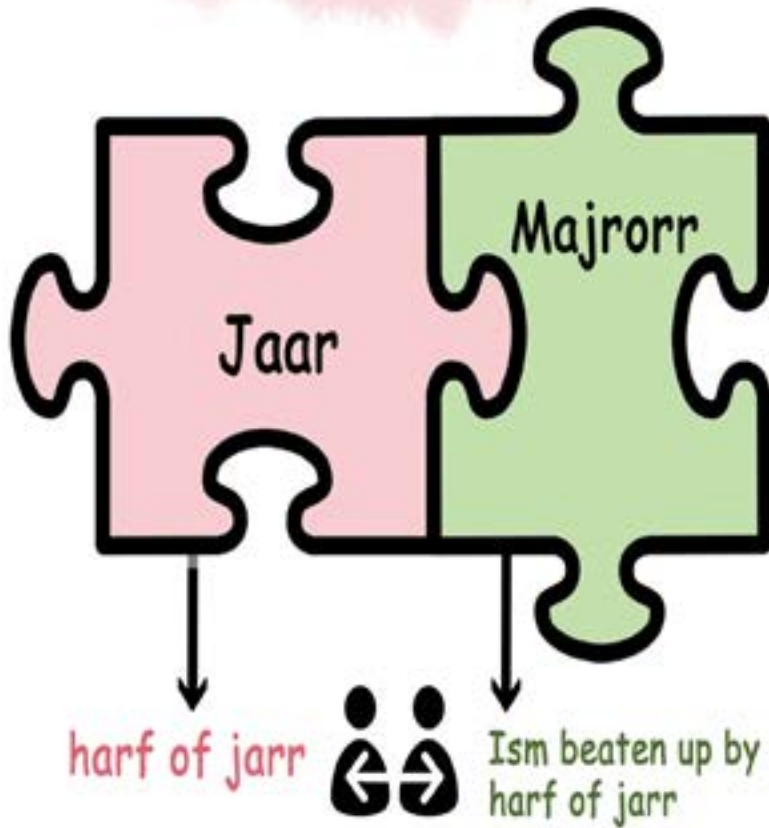
RULES:

❶ The مُضَاف [word before "of"] should be:

1. Light
2. No alif-laam ال

❷ The مُضَاف إِلَيهِ [word after "of"] should be:

1. In jarr status.
2. No long distance relationship.
3. The last property of the مُضَاف ,type, is dictated by the مُضَاف إِلَيهِ
4. Both the مُضَاف and the مُضَاف إِلَيهِ should be Isms.

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FRAGMENTS

❷ Jaar Majrorr

Majrorr

Jaar

↓
harf of jarr

جَرّ

↓
Ism beaten up by harf of jarr

📌 **RULES:**

The harf of jarr makes its ism jarr.

2. No long distance relationship.

3. There are 17 harf of jarr. We will learn 11 that are in the Quran.

4. The harf of jarr is called the Jaar, and the ism it makes jarr is the Majrorr

HARF OF JARR

MEMORIZE

ك	من	عَلَى
ب	فِي	حَتَّى
ت		
و	عَن	إِلَى
	ل	

The harf of jarr is called the جار and the ism it makes jarr is the مجرور

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FRAGMENTS

3 <u>Inna & ismu inna</u>

 RULES:

1. The harf of nasb makes its ism nasb.

2. Can tolerate a long distance relationship.

harf of Nasb

Its Ism

harf of Nasb

Ism beaten up by harf of Nasb

HARF OF NASB

MEMORIZE

لَيْتَ	كَأَنَّ	إِنَّ
لَكِنَّ	بِأَنَّ	أَنَّ

لَعَلَّ

FRAGMENTS

④ Mawsof Sifah

Mawsof → Noun

Sifah → Adjective
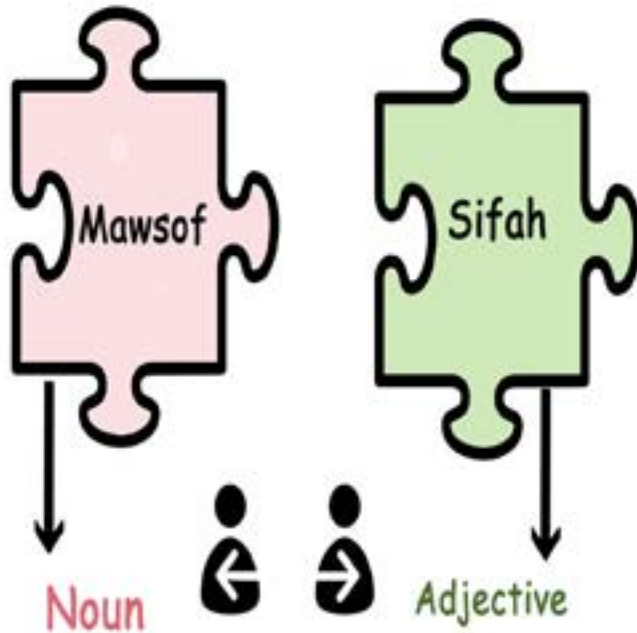
Important

The mowsoof is never a pronoun, pointer word, or ism mowsool
- The sifah is never a proper name, pronoun, or pointer word.
- Look out for non human plurals and their feminine sifahs

📌RULES:

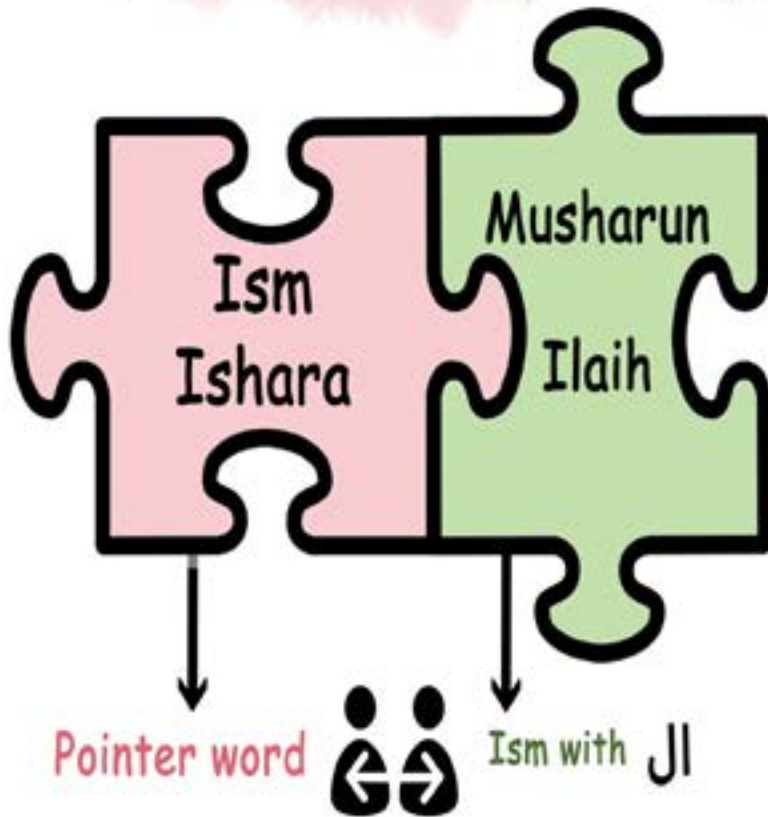| 1.Mawsoof must be:	2.Sifah:
First Only one	a. Has the same 4 properties as the Mowsoof b. Is after the Mowsoof c. May be more than one d. Can tolerate a long distance relationship

FRAGMENTS

Ism Ishara & Musharun Ilaih

Ism Ishara — **Musharun Ilaih**

Pointer word 👥 — Ism with ال

RULES:

1. The pointer must be followed immediately by ال

2. 4 properties of the Ism ishara and Mashrun Ilaih mst match

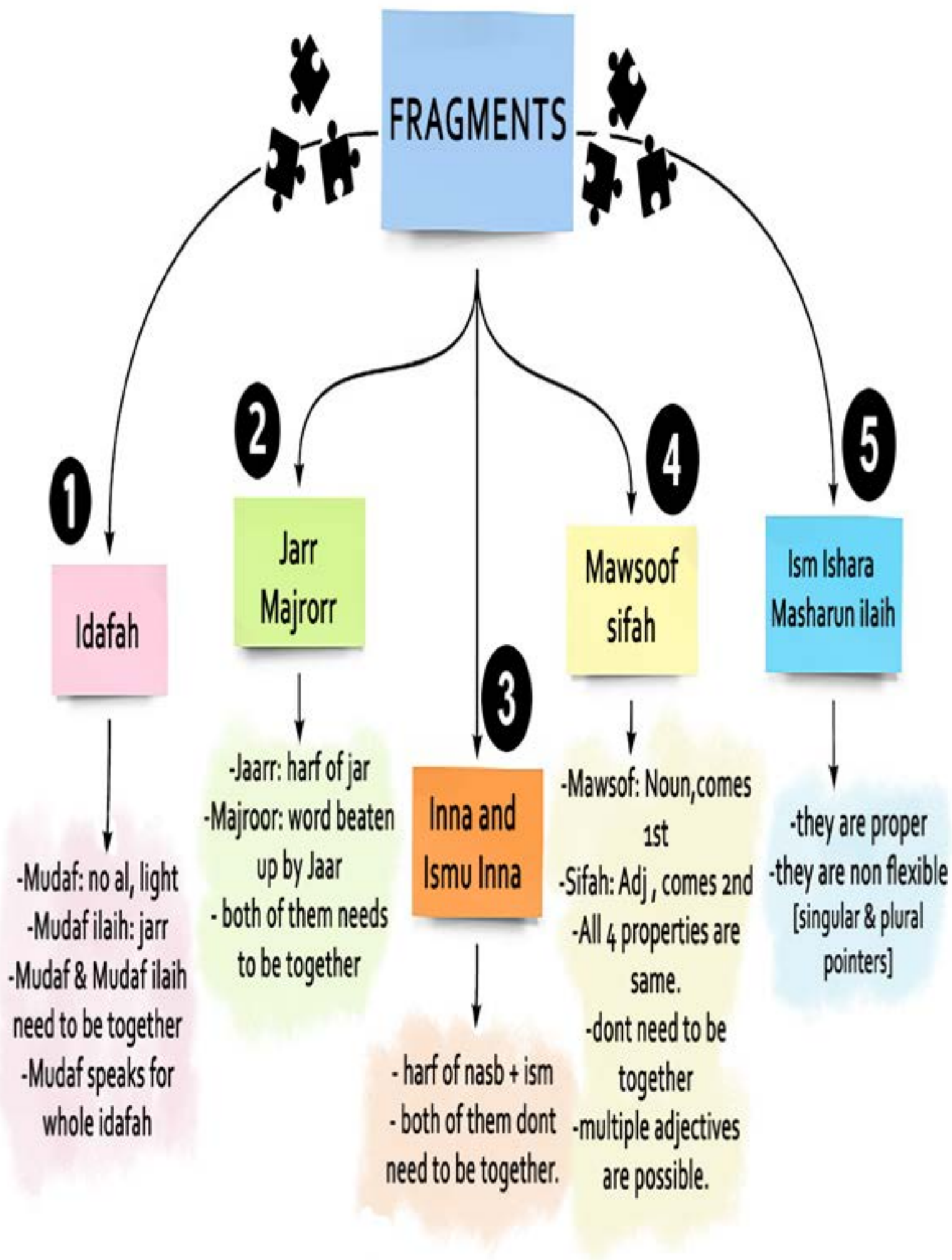## Pointer Words 👆

NEAR
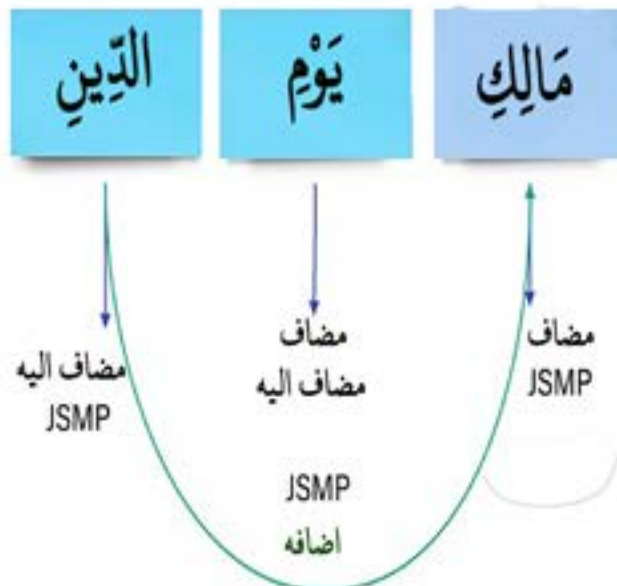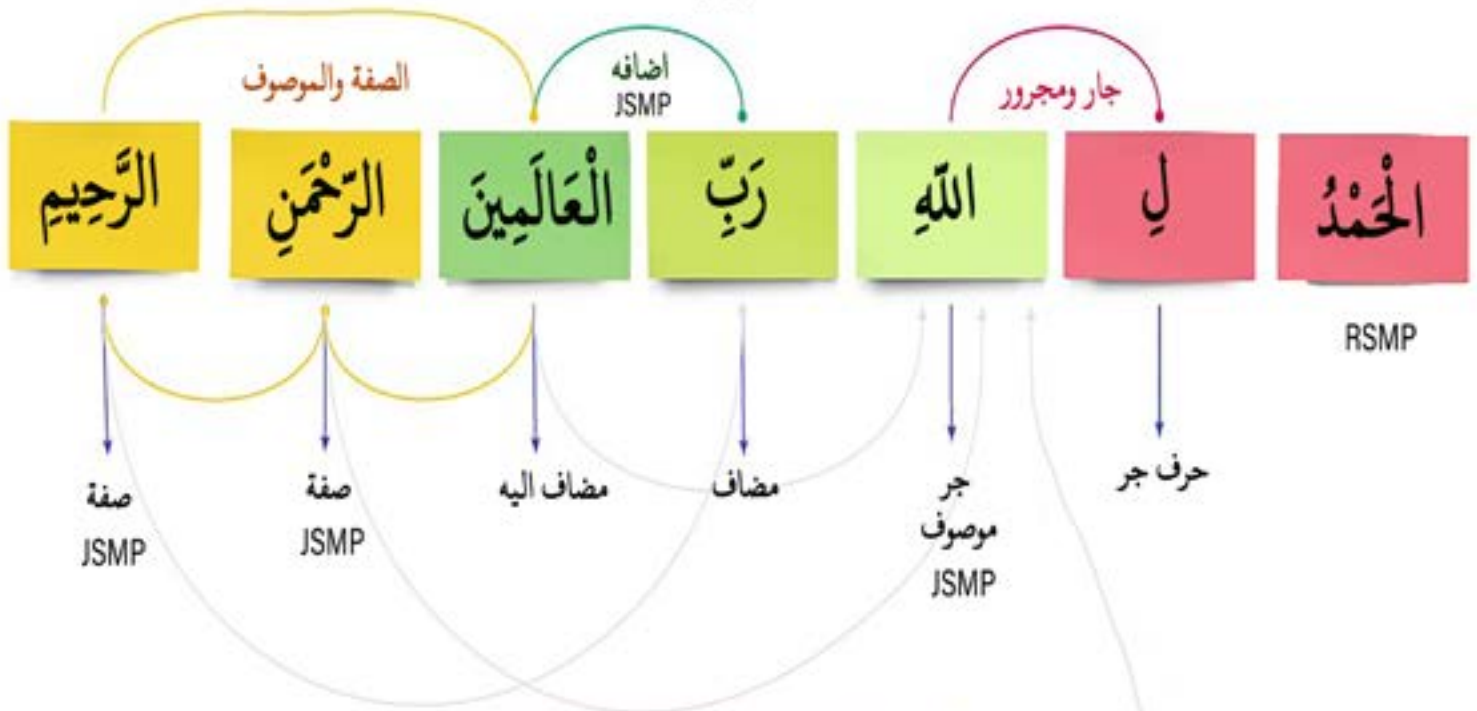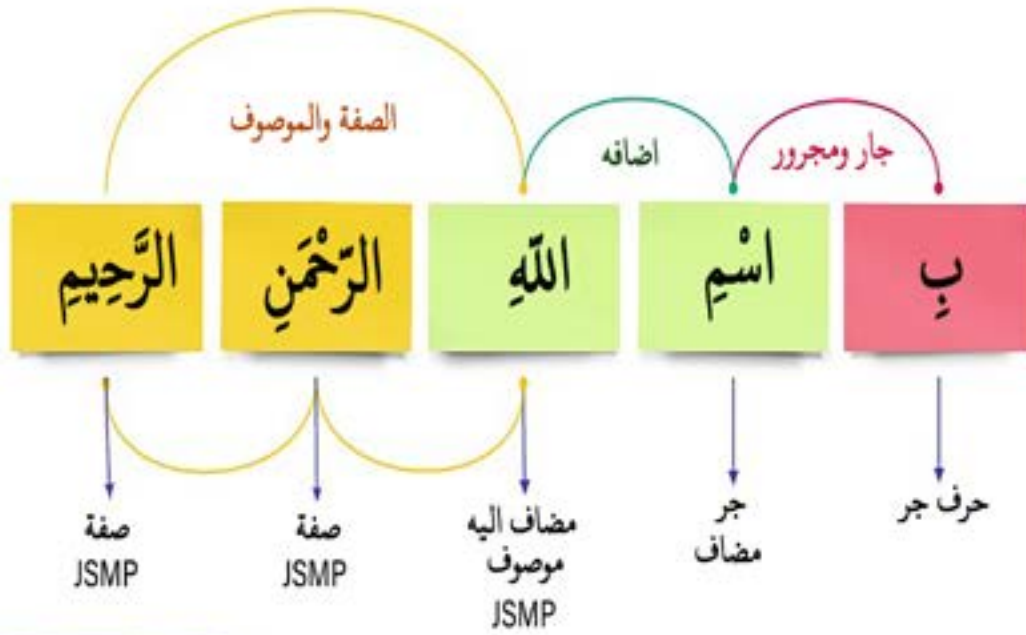
| These [m/f] هَؤُلَاءِ | This/ these [f]/ [bp] هَـٰذِهِ | This [m] هَـٰذَا |

FAR

| Those [m/f] أُولَـٰئِكَ | That/ those [f]/ [bp] تِلْكَ | That [m] ذَٰلِكَ |

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FRAGMENTS

1 Idafah

-Mudaf: no al, light
-Mudaf ilaih: jarr
-Mudaf & Mudaf ilaih need to be together
-Mudaf speaks for whole idafah

2 Jarr Majrorr

-Jaarr: harf of jar
-Majroor: word beaten up by Jaar
- both of them needs to be together

3 Inna and Ismu Inna

- harf of nasb + ism
- both of them dont need to be together.

4 Mawsoof sifah

-Mawsof: Noun,comes 1st
-Sifah: Adj , comes 2nd
-All 4 properties are same.
-dont need to be together
-multiple adjectives are possible.

5 Ism Ishara Masharun ilaih

-they are proper
-they are non flexible [singular & plural pointers]

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GRAMMATICAL ANALYSIS

الصفة والموصوف · اضافه · جار ومجرور

الرَّحِيمِ	الرَّحْمَنِ	اللّهِ	اسْمِ	بِ

صفة
JSMP

صفة
JSMP

مضاف اليه
موصوف
JSMP

جر
مضاف

حرف جر

الصفة والموصوف · اضافه JSMP · جار ومجرور

الرَّحِيمِ	الرَّحْمَنِ	الْعَالَمِينَ	رَبِّ	اللّهِ	لِ	الْحَمْدُ

RSMP

صفة
JSMP

صفة
JSMP

مضاف اليه

مضاف

جر
موصوف
JSMP

حرف جر

الدِّينِ	يَوْمِ	مَالِكِ

مضاف اليه
JSMP

مضاف
مضاف اليه

JSMP

مضاف
JSMP

اضافه

Additional Notes

CHAPTER 3

Fi'l

Present tense

Hints & Tips

NA/NU — WE

A/U — I

YA+ NA — Them ladies

YA+ OONA — They

YA+ AANI — Both of them

YA/YU — He

TA+ NA — You all ladies

TA+ OONA — You all

TA +AANI — Both of you

TA/TU — You

TA+ EENA — You she

TA/TU — She

can be both

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Additional Notes

وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ

And We have indeed made the Quran easy to understand and remember, **so is there any who will remember ?**

AL QAMAR

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